



Introduction

GOAL: MHCDIFF predicts the pixel-aligned 3D shapes of humans *robustly from occluded* images.



Input image



Segmented images

3D reconstruction as point cloud

Problem:

- Parametric body models *lack geometric details* like clothing and hair.
- Implicit-function-based methods are sensitive to occlusion.

Contributions:

- We propose a *multi-hypotheses conditioning* mechanism that captures the *distribution of multi-hypotheses* SMPL meshes to be robust to occlusion.
- We adopt *point cloud diffusion* model to *inpaint the* invisible parts with pixel-aligned detail shapes.

MHCDIFF: Multi-hypotheses Conditioned Point Cloud Diffusion for 3D Human Reconstruction from Occluded Images

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Local features: Signed distance and normals [2] $X_t^{SMPL} = [\gamma(d(X_t|S)), \mathbf{n}(X_t|S)]$

Multi-hypotheses condition: Each point follows the *closest SMPL mesh* with the respective probability.

 $X_t^{SMPL} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{c} \sum_{s} \gamma(o(X_t|S_i)), \gamma(d(X_t|S_{\overline{i}})), \mathbf{n}(X_t|S_{\overline{i}}) \end{bmatrix}$ $ar{i} = argmin_{i \in \{1,...,s\}} |d(X_t|S_i)|$

Conditioned point cloud diffusion $\mathcal{F}_{ heta}(\cdot): \mathbb{R}^{(3+c+4L+3)N}
ightarrow \mathbb{R}^{3N}$

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Experiments

- comparable performance on full-body images
- outperforms other SOTAs on occluded images
- as robust as parametric body models on occlusion

[1] Melas-Kyriazi et al. "PC2: Projection-conditioned point cloud diffusion for single-image 3d reconstruction." CVPR 2023

[3] Fang et al. "ProPose: Learning analytical posterior probability for human mesh recovery." CVPR 2023

[4] Zheng et al. "PaMIR: Parametric model-conditioned implicit representation for image-based human reconstruction." TPAMI 2021 [5] Zhang et al. "SIFU: Side-view conditioned implicit function for real-world usable clothed human reconstruction." CVPR 2024 [6] Yang et al. "HiLo: Detailed and robust 3d clothed human reconstruction with high-and low-frequency information of parametric